



PRINCE

EDWARD

ISLAND



Fact Sheet

Test your knowledge! See if you can fill in the blanks below.

1. Prince Edward Island is considered one of Canada's _____
provinces.

2. The capital city of P.E.I. is _____.

3. P.E.I.'s provincial bird is the _____.

4. P.E.I.'s provincial flower is the _____.



Blue

Maritime

Slipper

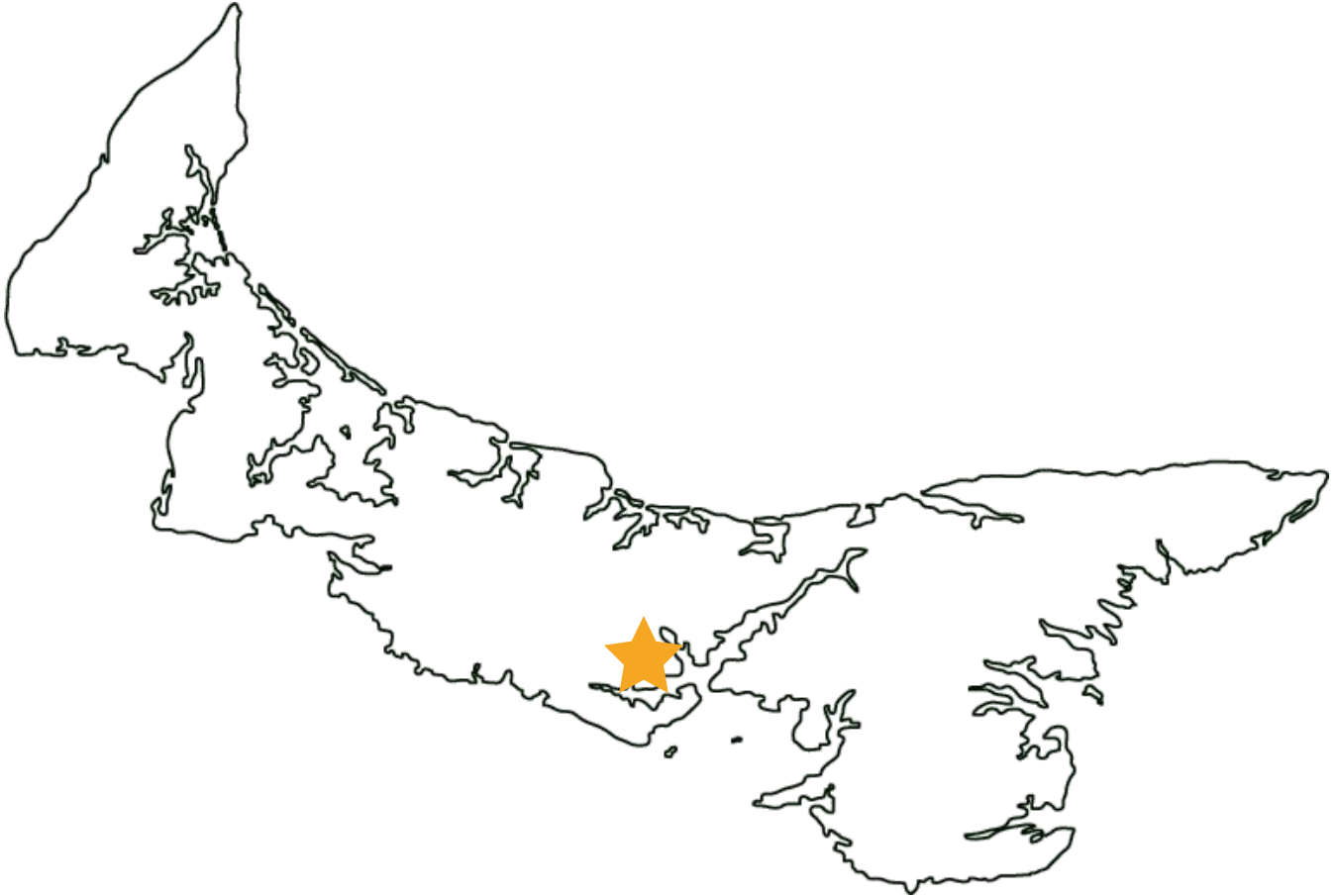
Lady's

Charlottetown

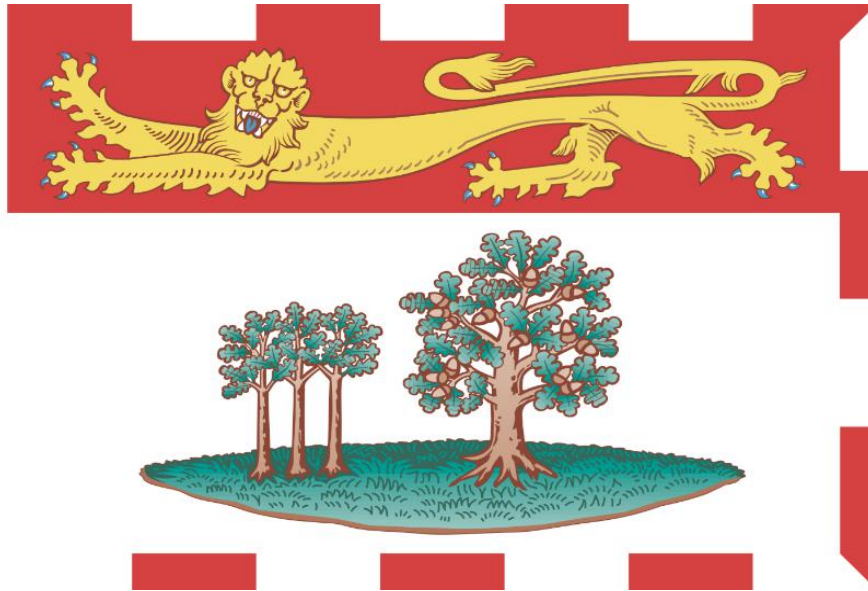
Jay

Mapping P.E.I.

Label the capital city of the province. Next, research Prince Edward Island's topography and colour the map accordingly!



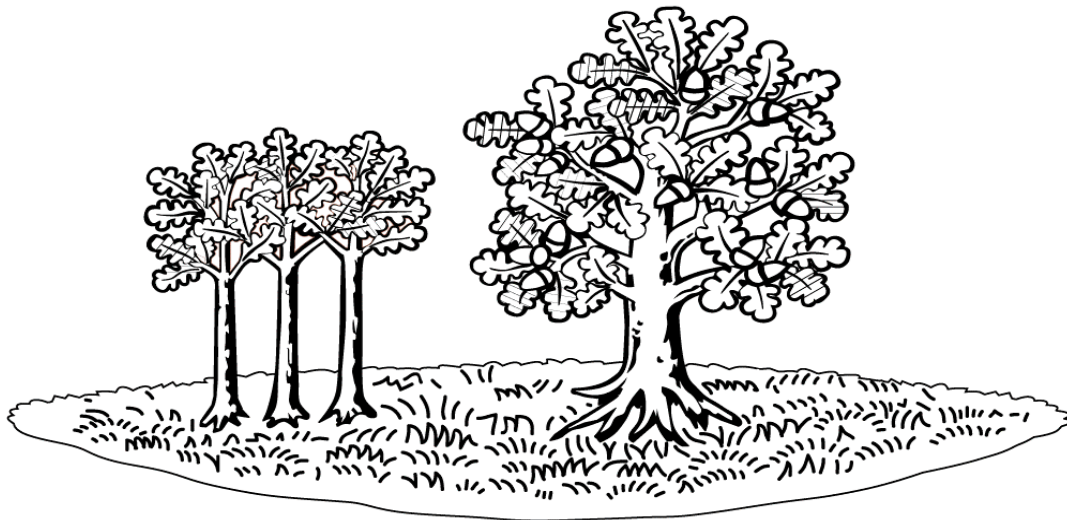
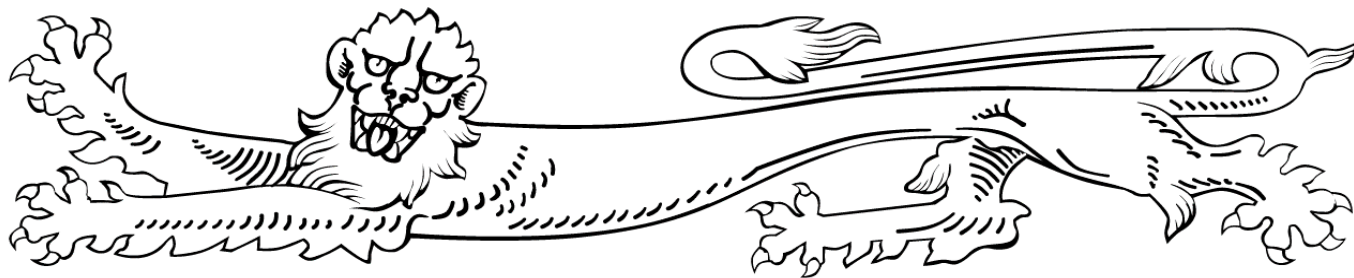
Fly the Flag



The provincial flag of Prince Edward Island was introduced on 24 March, 1964. The flag's key features include:

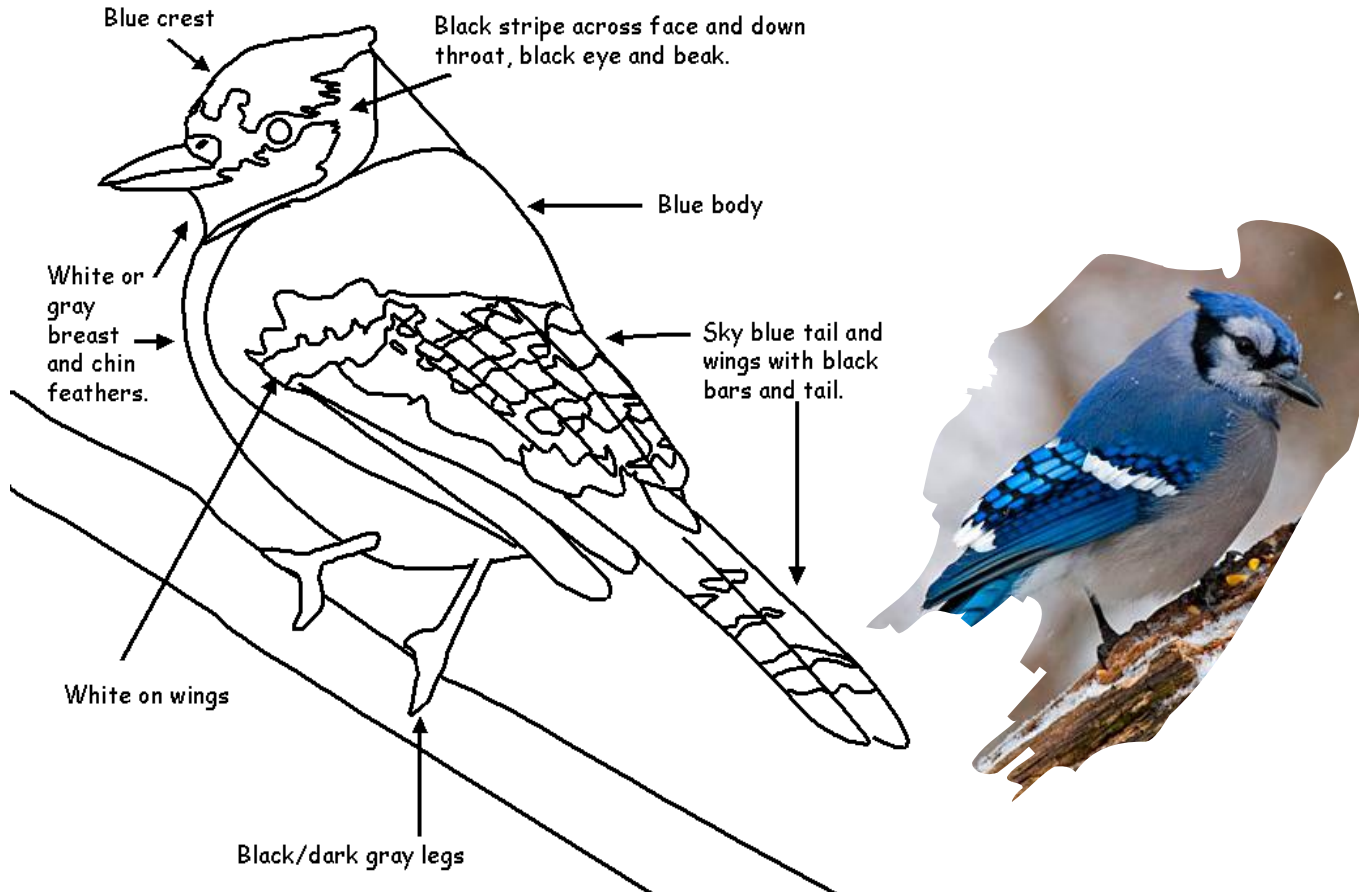
- English heraldic lion
- Three oak saplings next to a great oak tree: represent the three PEI counties (Prince, Queens, and Kings) under protection of Great Britain

Your turn! Recreate Prince Edward Island's provincial flag, using the flag above to guide you.



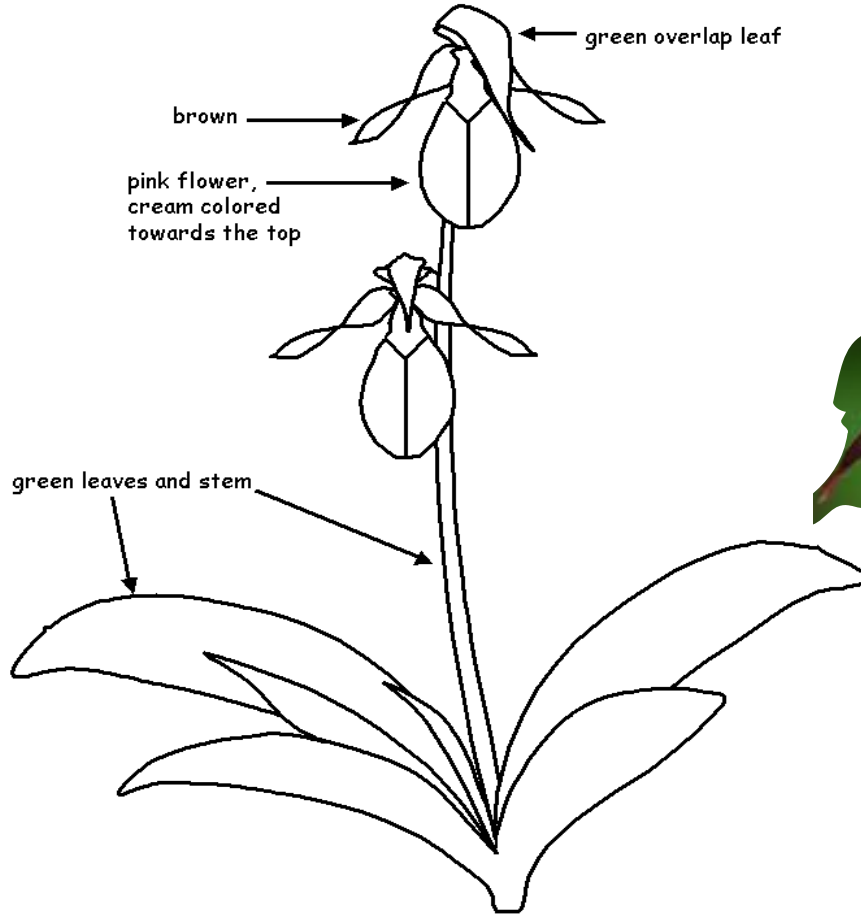
Provincial Fauna

The provincial bird of Prince Edward Island is the Blue Jay.
Colour the image below!



Provincial Flora

The provincial flower of Prince Edward Island is the Lady's Slipper.
Colour the image below!



P.E.I.

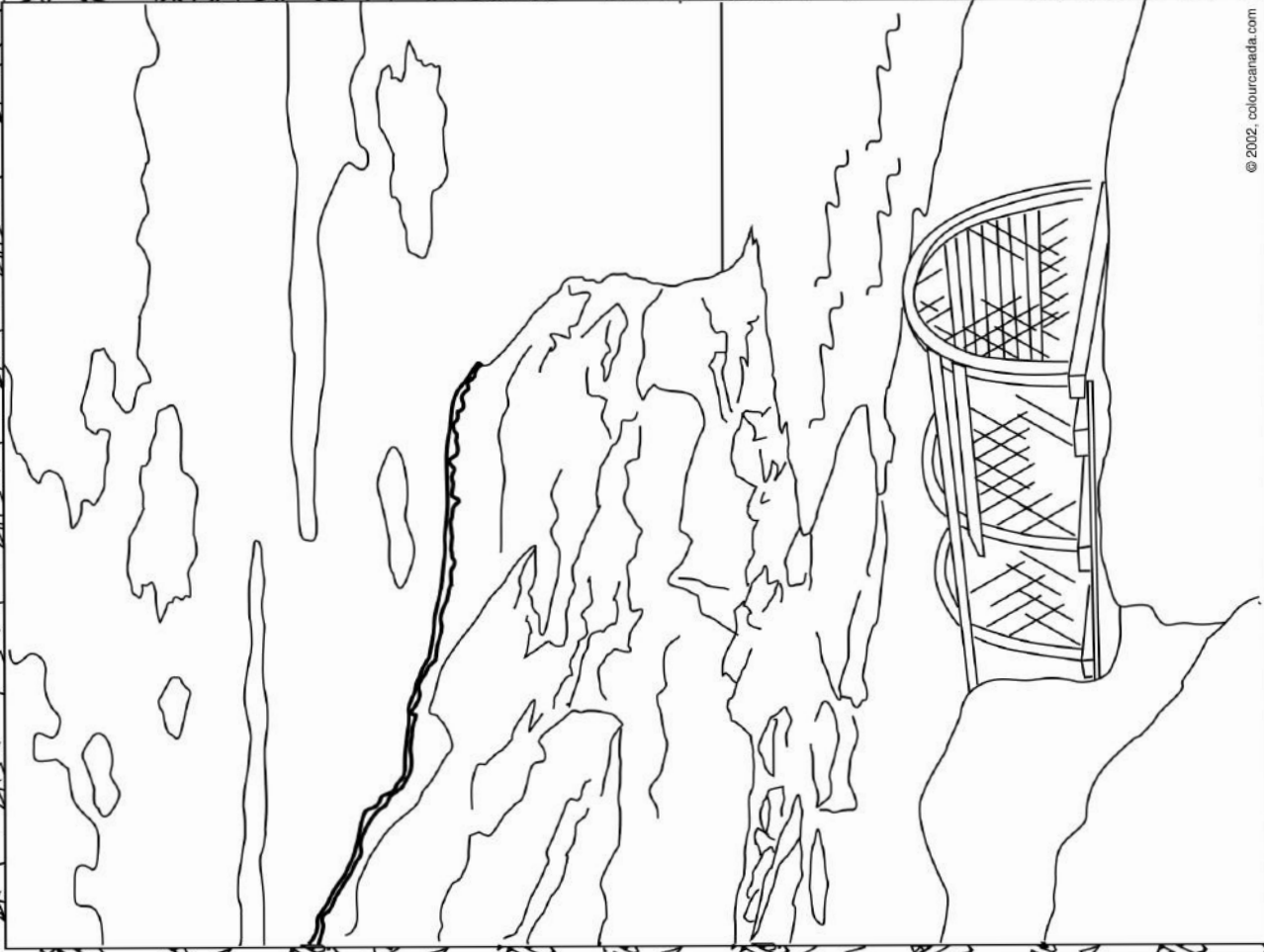
in

Colour



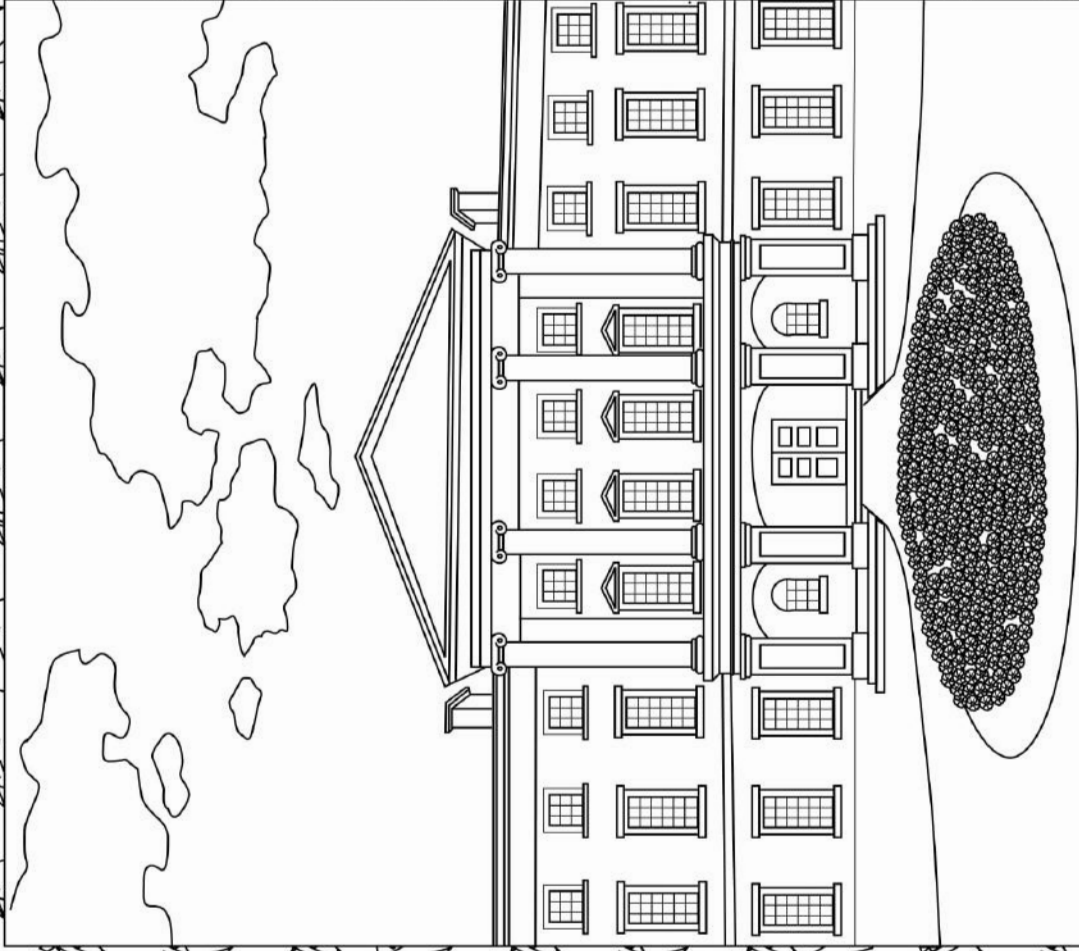


Red Cliffs: Prince Edward Island is famous for it's red sand stone coast. The soil that helps produce some of the world's best potatoes is so rich in iron, that the sand is actually coloured by rust. If you wander PEI's shores you may well find a lobster trap among the sea shells and jelly fish.



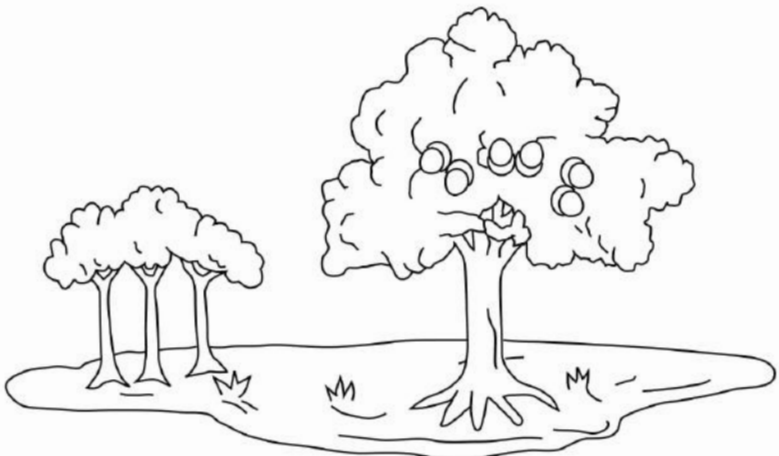
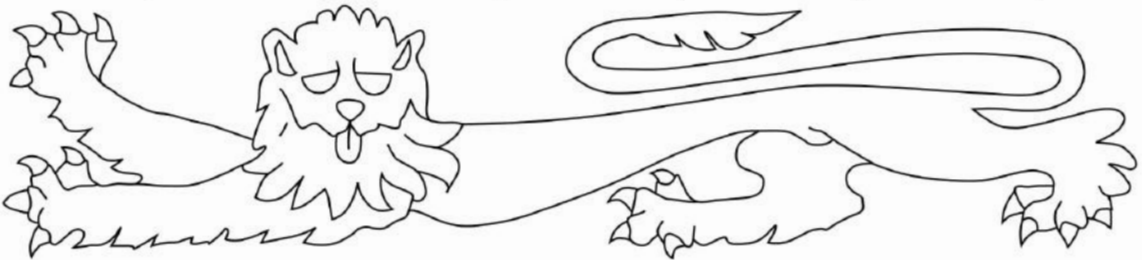


Province House: Located in Charlottetown, this historic building is home to the legislature of Prince Edward Island. In 1864 this building was the meeting place where the Fathers of Confederation first discussed the formation of what eventually became Canada.



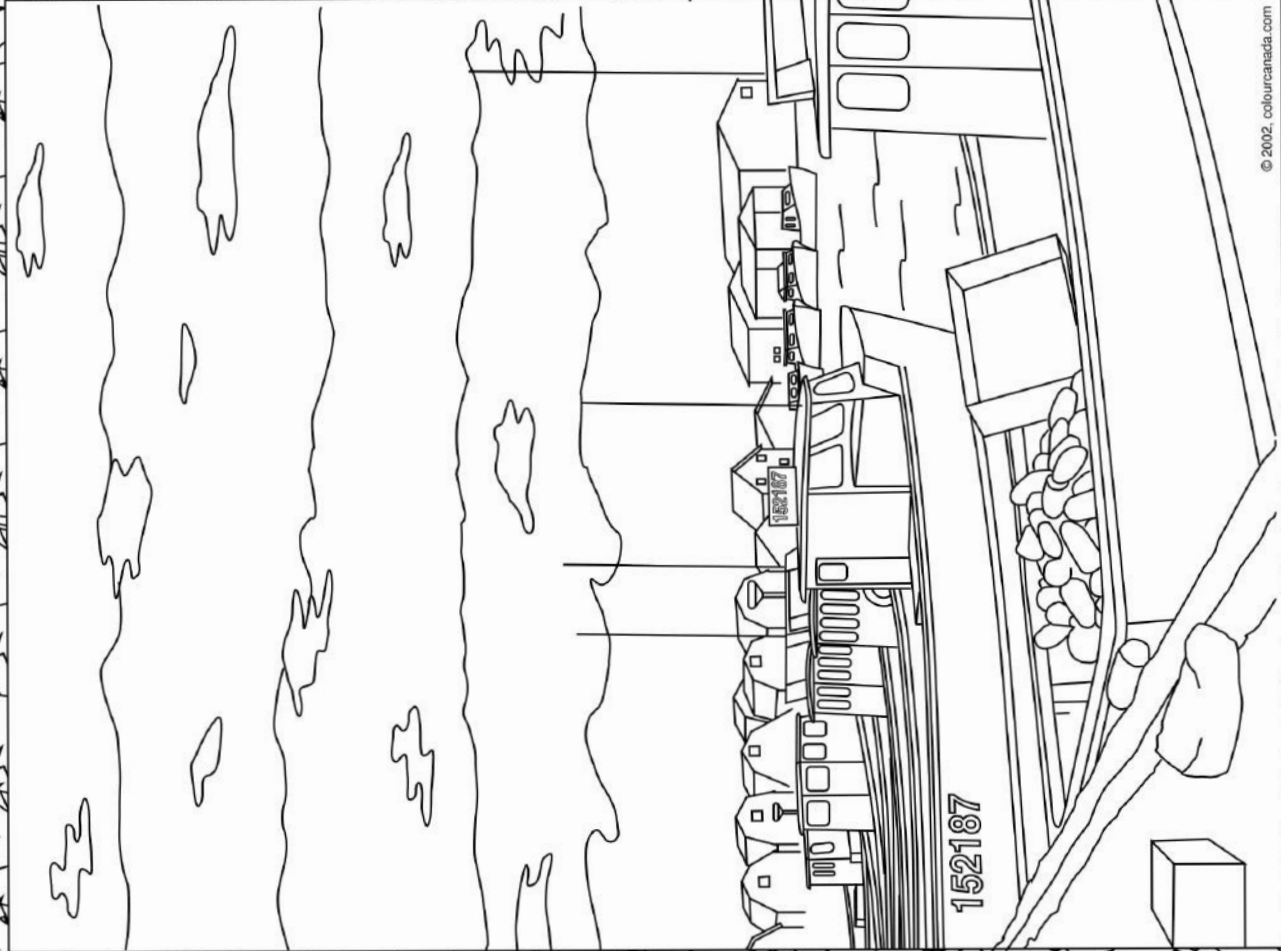


Prince Edward Island's Flags: The lion is from the coat of arms of Prince Edward. There is an island with one mature oak and three young oaks symbolizing Britain, as the mature oak, and the three oaks symbolizing King's, Queen's and Prince as the three young oaks.



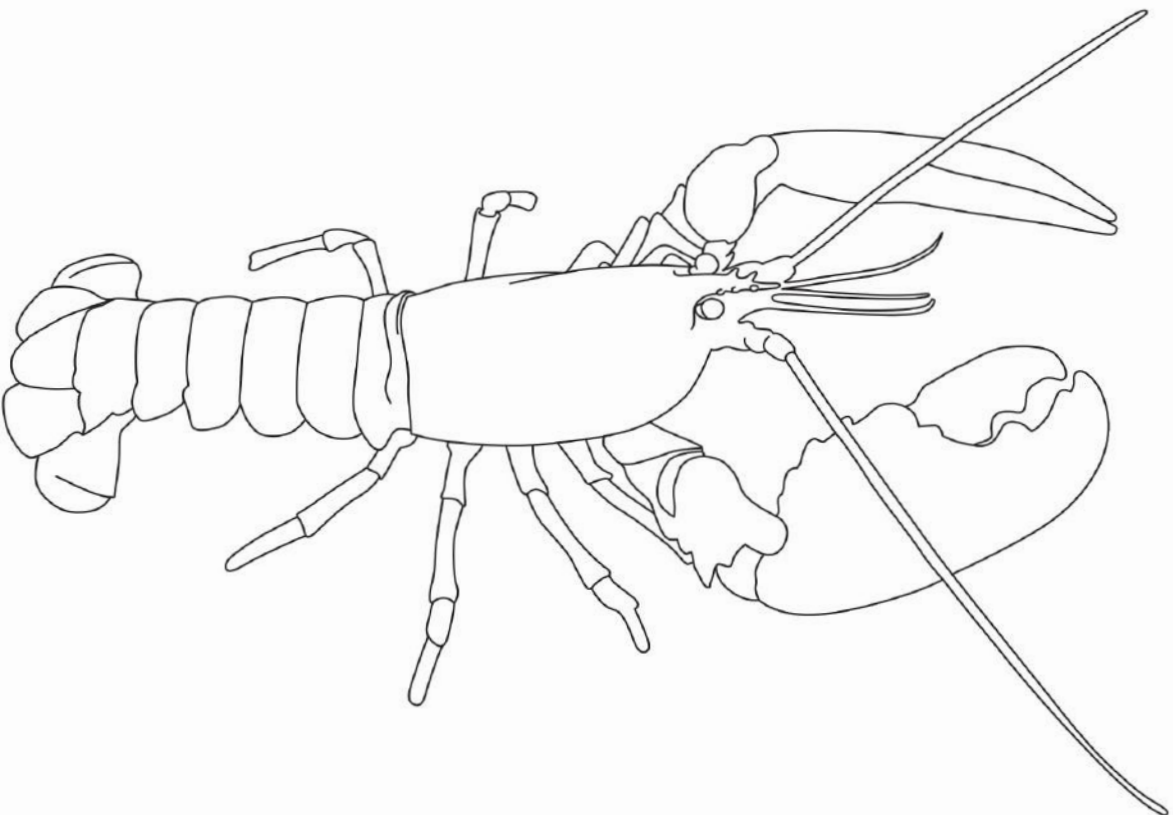


Malpeque Bay: On the northern coast of PEI, the Malpeque fleet sits at a government managed harbour. Along with lobster boats, there are craft for hire that will take you fishing or searching for shells. Malpeque Bay is famous, world wide, for it's oysters.



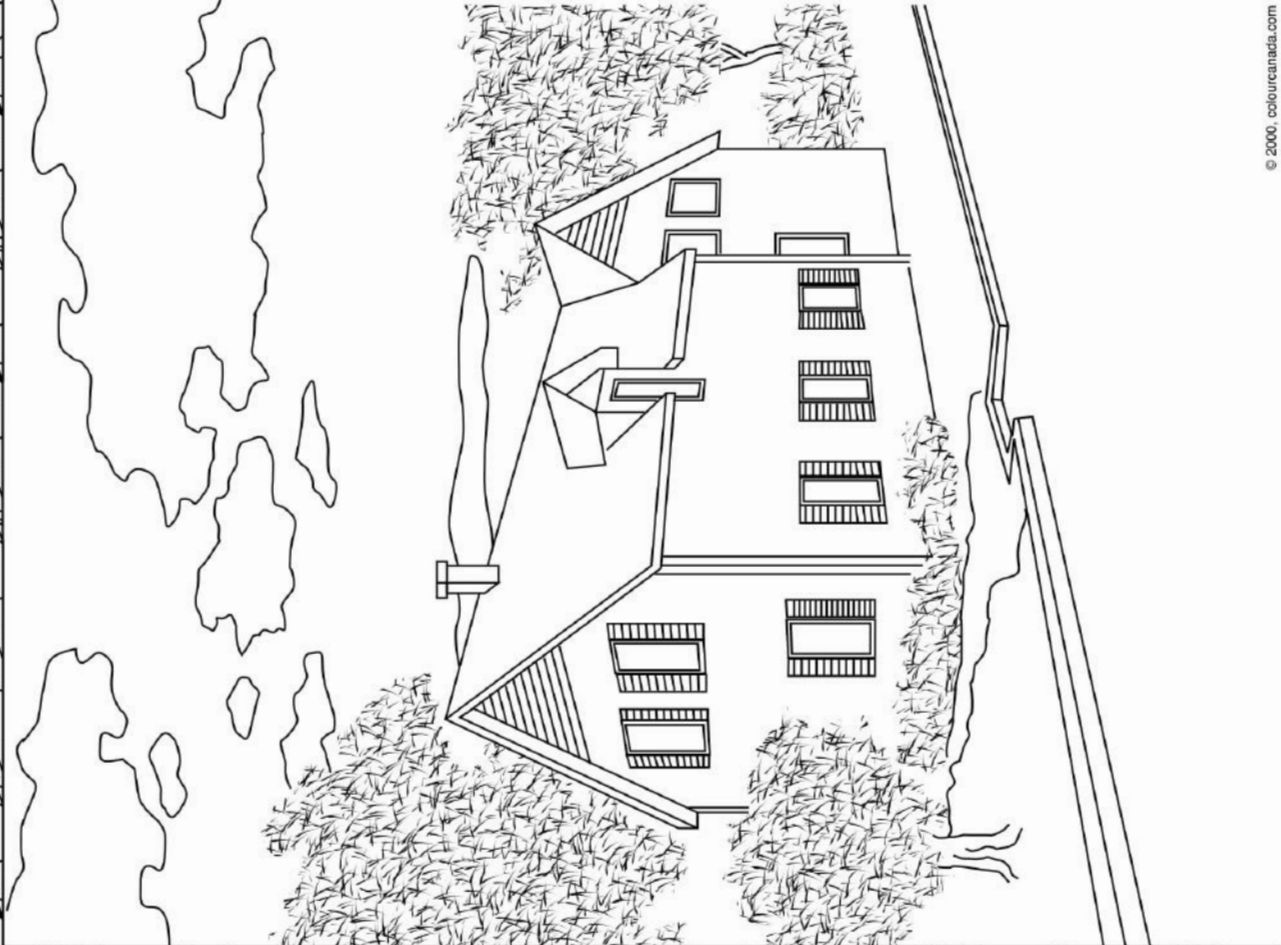


PEI is famous for its lobster. This crustacean with the trademark front claws and exoskeleton lives on the sea floor and can live to be 70 years old. A favourite seafood the lobster is important to the livelihood of the Province.





Green Gables: Located in Cavendish, this house has become famous around the world as that of Anne of Green Gables. Shortly after her death in 1942, author L.M. Montgomery was recognized as being a person of national significance, and a monument and plaque were erected at Green Gables.





Lady Slipper: The Lady Slipper was chosen as PEI's provincial floral emblem in 1947. This orchid gets its name from the shape of its petals which form a pouch like a slipper. The Lady Slipper blooms in late May and early June and grows best in shaded, moist woodland areas.





Confederation Bridge, P.E.I.: The 12.9 kilometre Confederation Bridge joins Borden-Carleton, Prince Edward Island and Cape Jourimain, New Brunswick and is the longest bridge over ice covered waters in the world.

